SECTION (1) GEOGRAPHY

## 1.1-1.4 Review and Assessment

Southwest Asia & North Africa Geography & History,
Sections 1.1–1.4, *In your textbook* 

Ch. 9

Follow the instructions below to review what you have learned in this section.

Vocabulary Next to each vocabulary word, write the letter of the correct definition.			
1 arid	A. fertile place in a dry region where water is found		
2 desertification	B. a raw material that forms in deposits beneath the earth's surface		
3 alluvial plain	C. cannot reproduce quickly enough to keep pace with its use		
4 silt	D. the gradual transition from fertile to less productive land		
5irrigation	E, an underground tunnel used to carry mountain waters to dry plains		
6 petroleum	Fer a fracture in Earth's crust		
7nonrenewable	G. very dry, without rain		
8. fault	He the redirecting of water to crops using channels and ditches		
9 oasis	1. a flat area of land located next to a stream or river that floods		
10: qanat	J. fine particles of soil in river water that eventually settle		

**Main Ideas** Use what you've learned about the geography of Southwest Asia and North Africa to answer these questions.

- **11. Monitor Comprehension** The world's longest river and largest desert are located in North Africa. What are they?
- **15. Identify** How have farmers between the Tigris and Euphrates watered their crops?

- **12. Describe** What was North Africa like 10,000 years ago before desertification?
- 16. Summarize What bodies of water surround the Arabian Peninsula?
- **13. Analyze** What is the Fertile Crescent and why is it important to the region?
- **17. Draw Conclusions** According to scientists, how might the Black Sea have been created?
- 14. Compare How are the Tigris and Euphrates rivers similar and different?
- **18. Identify** Historically, traders crossed the Anatolian Peninsula to trade between which regions?

SECTION (1) CULTURE

## 1.1–1.4 Review and Assessment

se with Southwest Asia & North Africa Today, Sections 1.1–1.4, in your textbook.

Ch.10

Follow the instructions below to review what you have learned in this section.

<b>Vocabulary</b> Next to each vocabulary word, write the letter of the correct definition.				
1	_ migration	A.a state on the Persian Gulf		
2	guest worker	B. a giant wave caused by an earthquake, volcano, or landslide		
3	_strait	C. an Arab leader	EgsT 1, J	
4	_ mosque	D. a Muslim place of worship		
100°	_ breakwater	E. the movement of people from one place to another	je je	
6	- tsunami	F. a narrow passage of water that connects two bodies of water		
7	sheikh	G.a barrier that protects a harbor or shoreline from the force of wave	es	
8	emirate.	H.a temporary laborer who migrates to work in another country	124 35	
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**Main Ideas** Use what you've learned about the culture of Southwest Asia and North Africa to answer these questions.

- **9. Monitor Comprehension** What three forms of migration have shaped this region?
- **13. Summarize** What did Beverly Goodman conclude about the ruins of the ancient harbor?
- **10. Analyze** For what purpose do the Tuareg travel across a wide expanse of the Sahara?
- **14. Make Inferences** What does Goodman hope will be the result of her exploration throughout the Mediterranean?
- **11. Describe** What is the importance of the Bosporus Strait?
- **15. Draw Conclusions** Why is the location of the United Arab Emirates important?
- **12. Analyze** What are the results of Istanbul's rapid population growth?